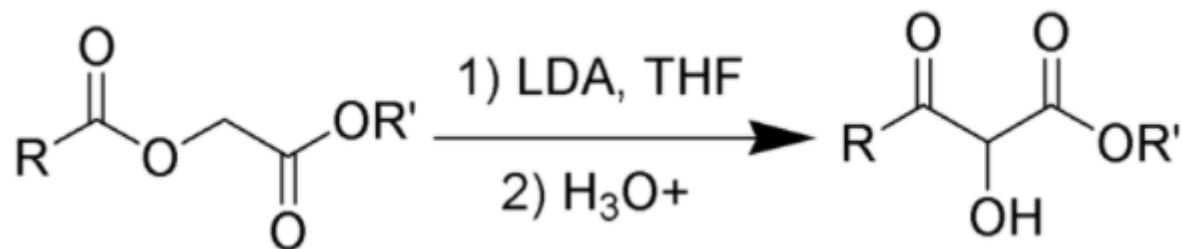
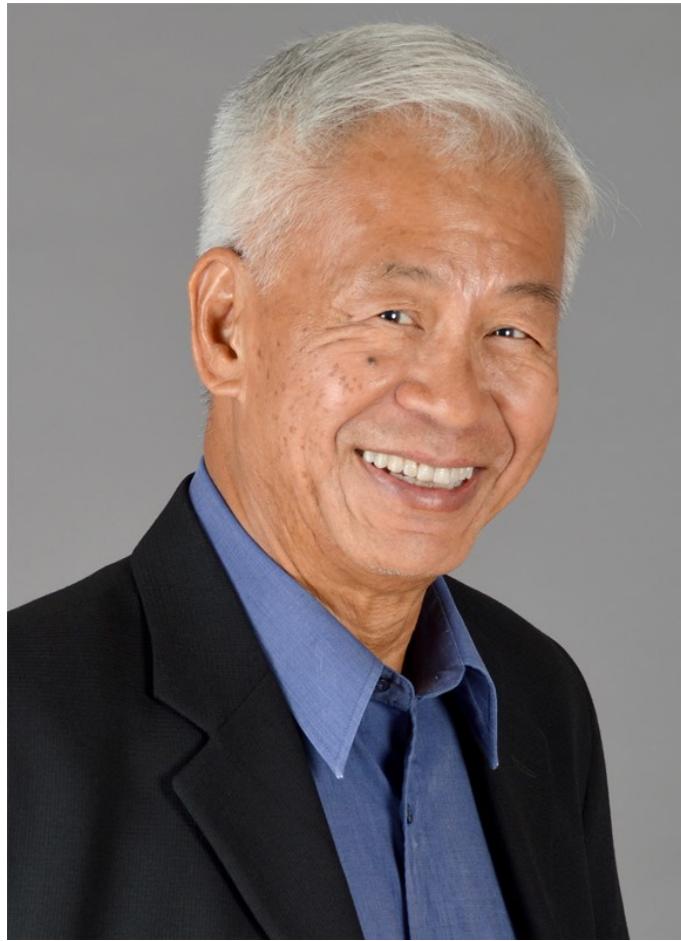


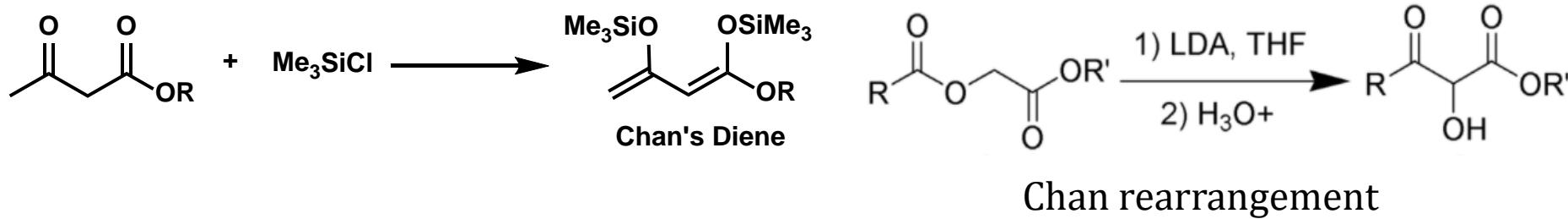
陈德恒重排

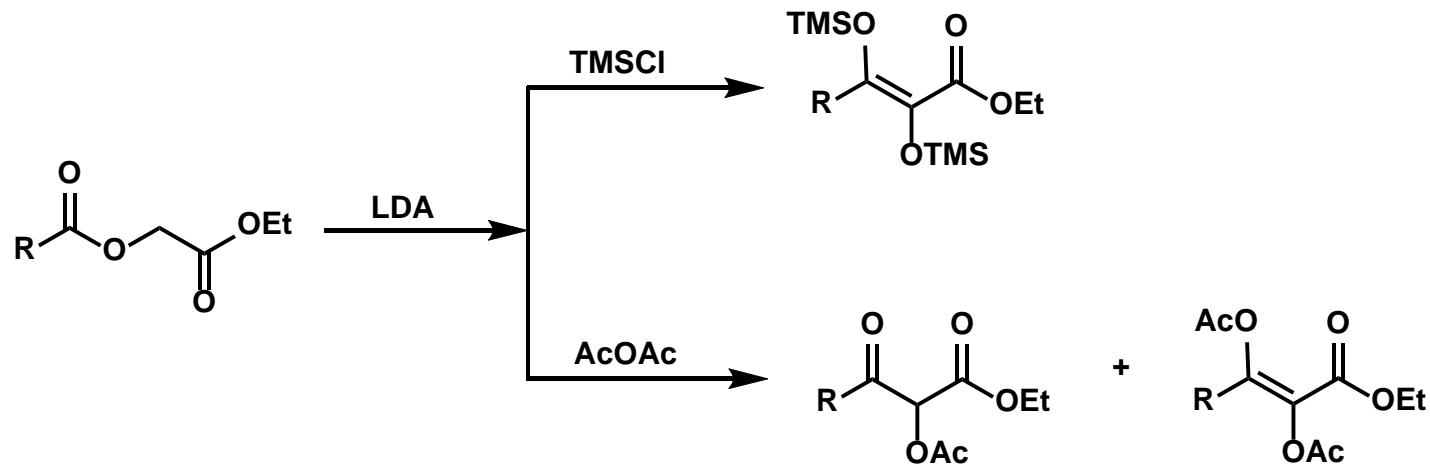
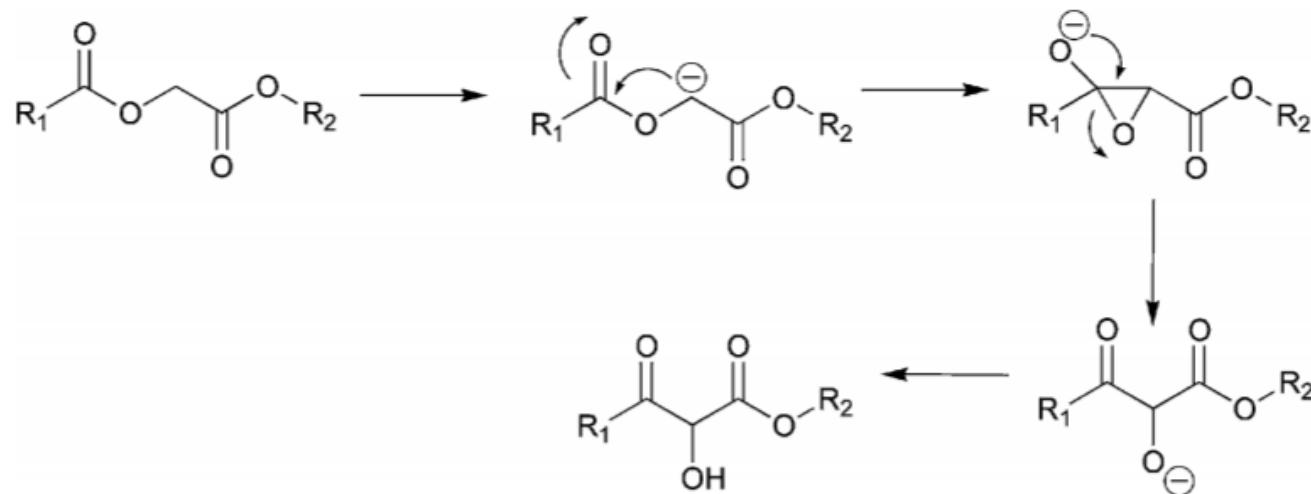
Chan rearrangement



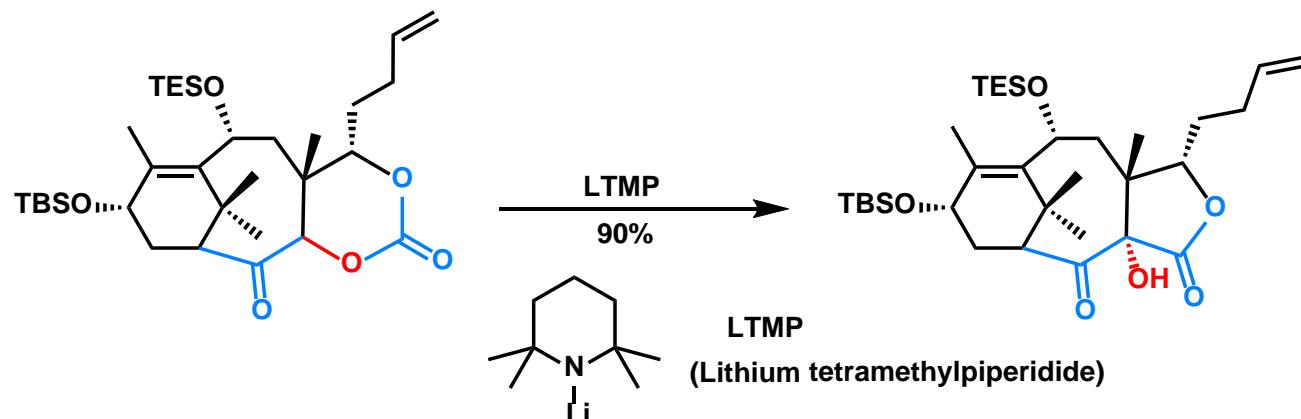


陈德恒 (Tak Hang Chan, Bill Chan) , 祖籍广东
1958年自香港来加求学, 1962年获多伦多 (Toronto) 大学化学学士学位
1965年获美国普林斯顿 (Princeton) 大学硕士、博士学位 (Richard Keith Hill)
1965-66年在美国哈佛 (Harvard) 大学做博士后研究 (Robert B. Woodward)
1966年8月受聘麦吉尔 (McGill) 大学任助理教授
1978年升为正教授
1985至1991年担任化学系主任
1991至1994年担任理学院院长
1994至1999年担任教务副校长
2000年任汤姆林森 (Tomlinson) 讲座教授
2004年以名誉教授身份退休

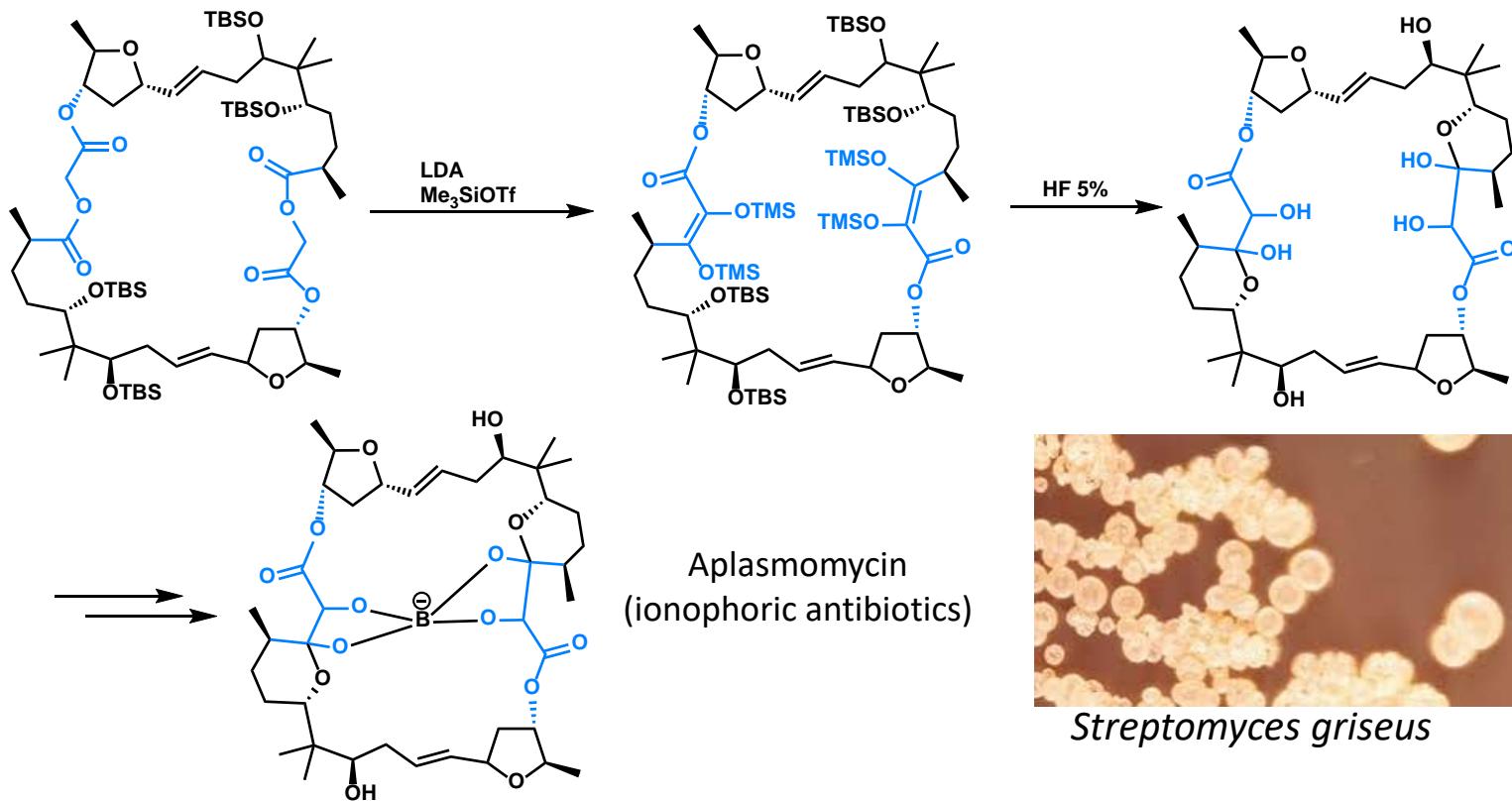




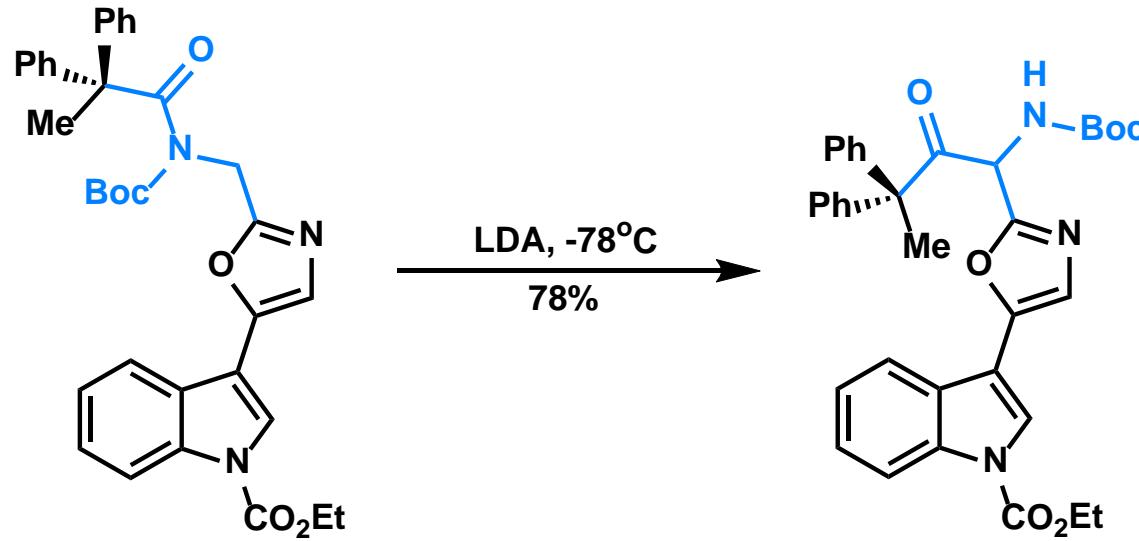
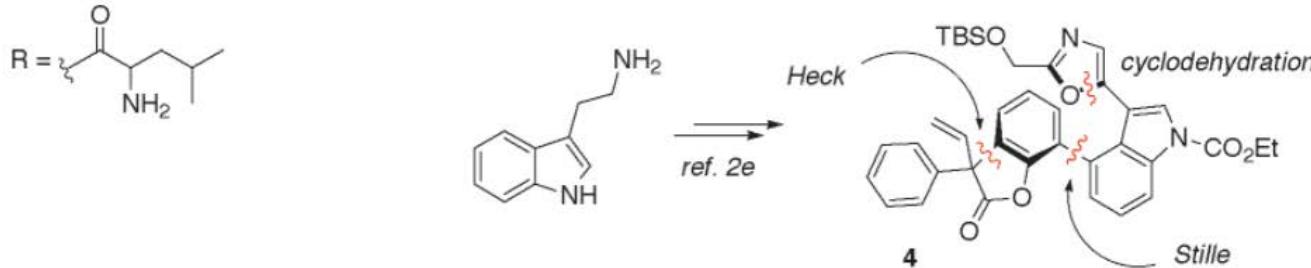
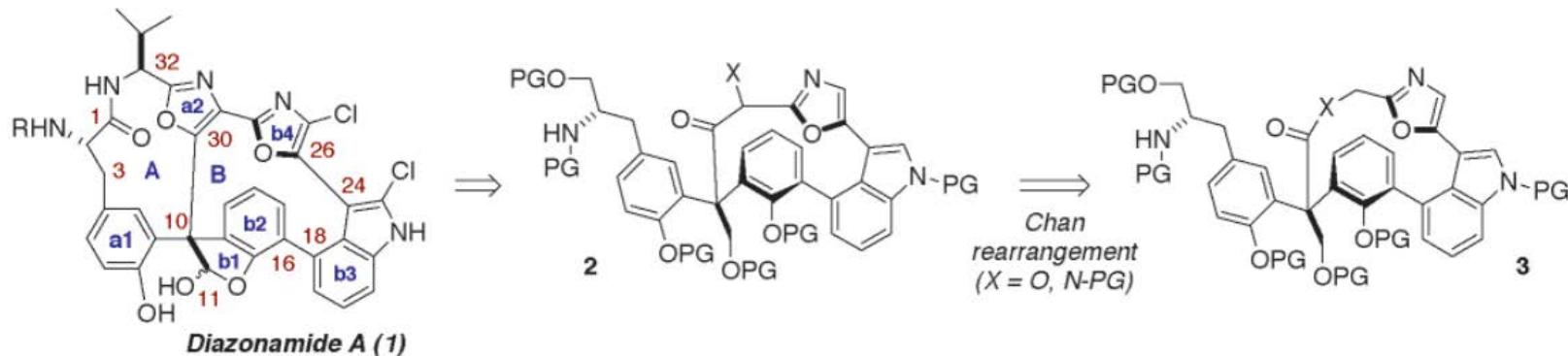
Robert A. Holton, 1994, Florida State University



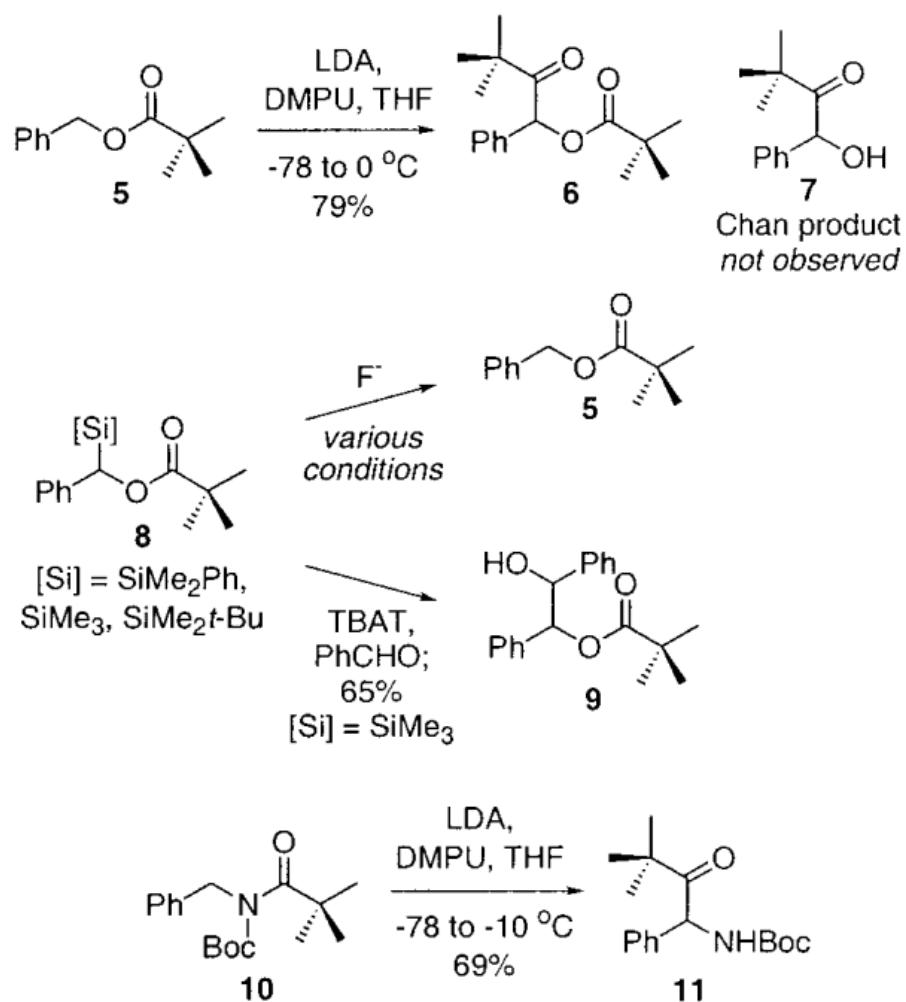
James D. White, 1986, Oregon State University



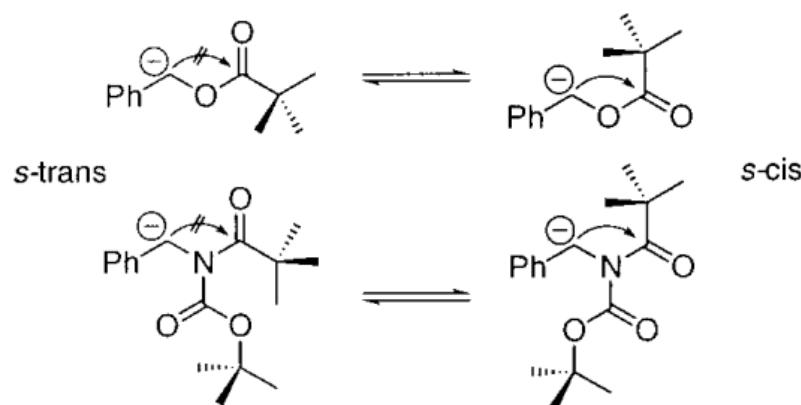
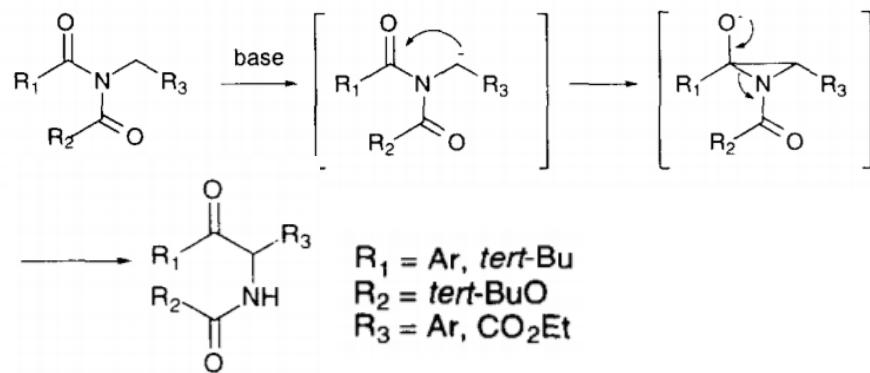
Peter Wipf, 2001



Peter Wipf, 2001, University of Pittsburgh

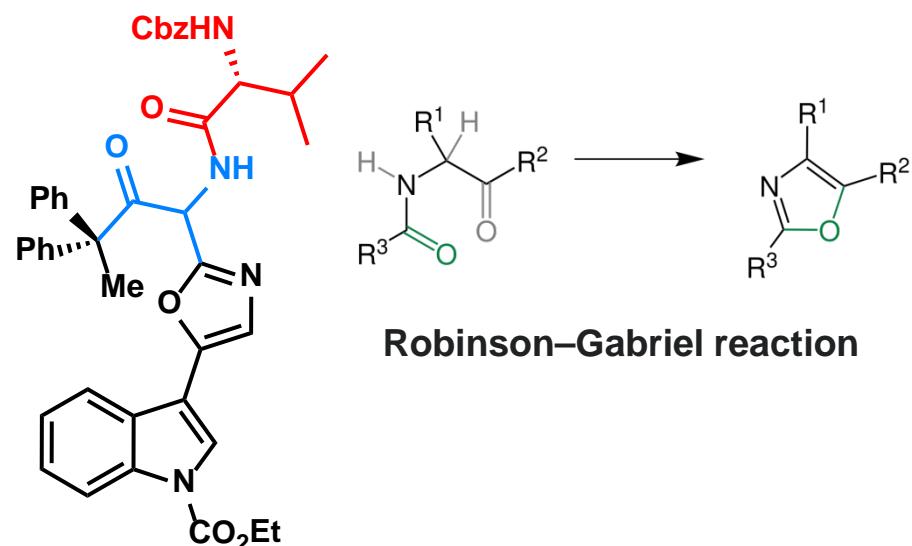
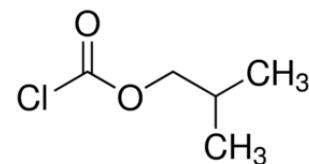
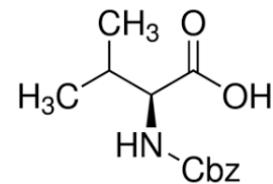
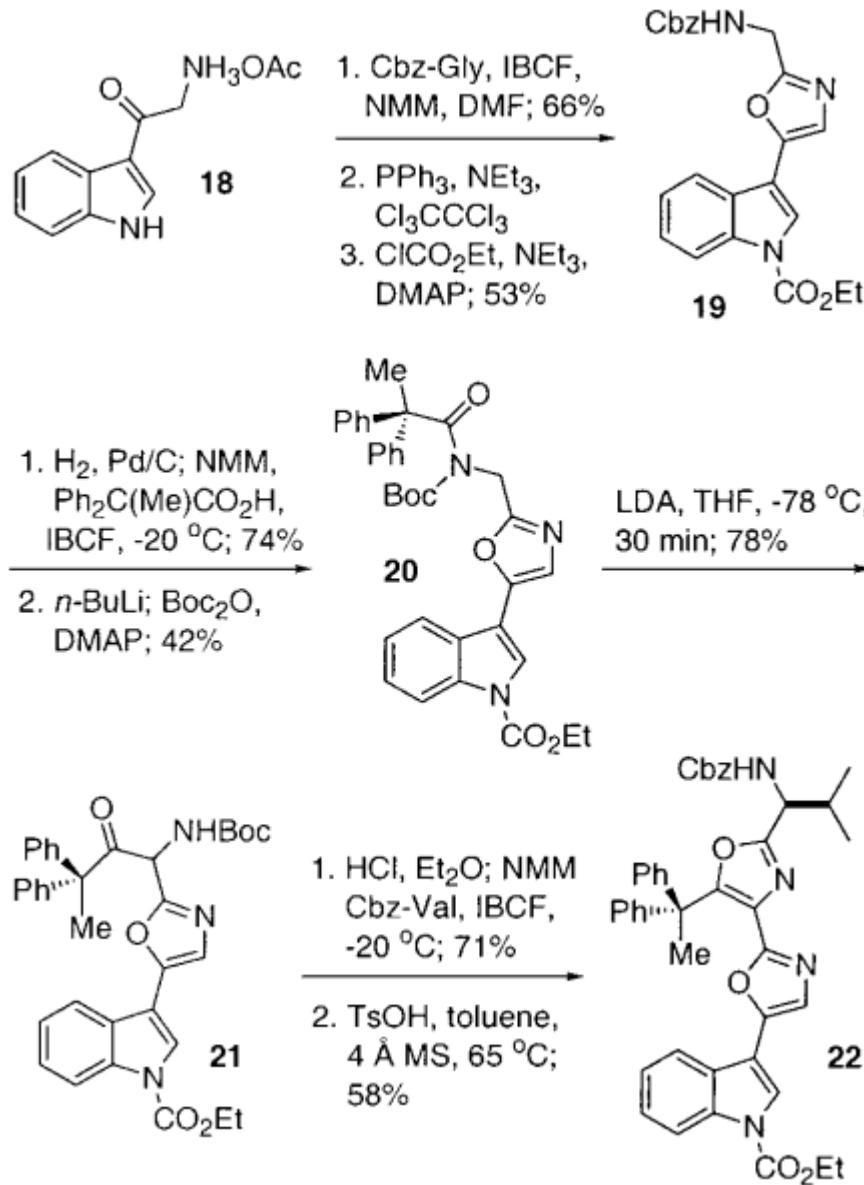


Hamada, 1998, Chiba University



Calculations (6-31G*) suggest little ground-state energy preference for the *s-trans* conformation over the *s-cis* (1.4 kcal/mol) for the imide. In the case of the ester, this preference is considerable (>16 kcal/mol).

Peter Wipf, 2001



Thanks