

Hajos-Parrish reaction

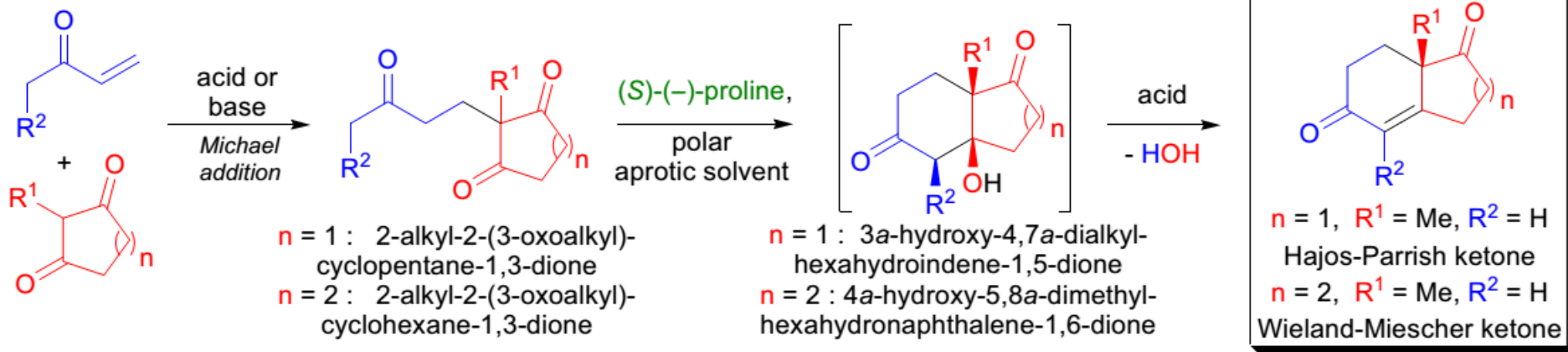
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Introduction

Hajos-Parrish reaction (also referred to Hajos-Parrish-Eder-Sauer-Wiechert reaction) is a proline catalysed asymmetric aldol reaction.

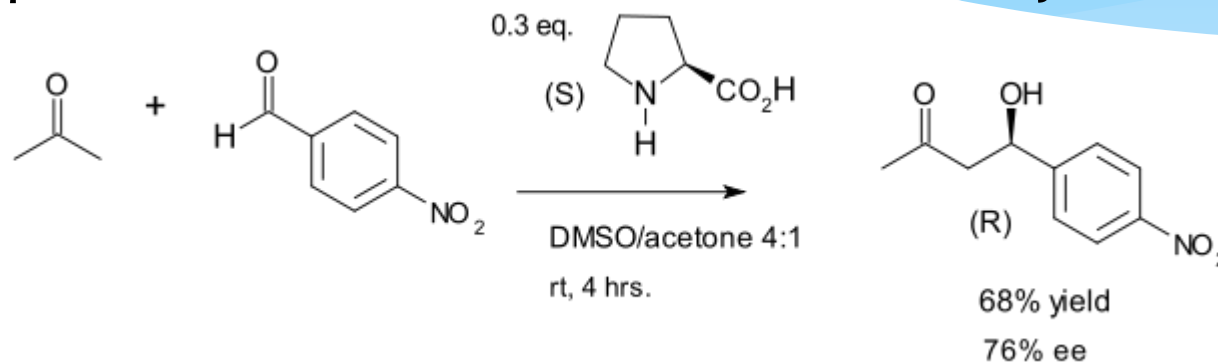
This reaction was named after its principal investigators, Hajos, Parrish, from Hoffmann-LaRoche and Eder, Sauer, Wiechert, from Schering AG in the early 1970s.



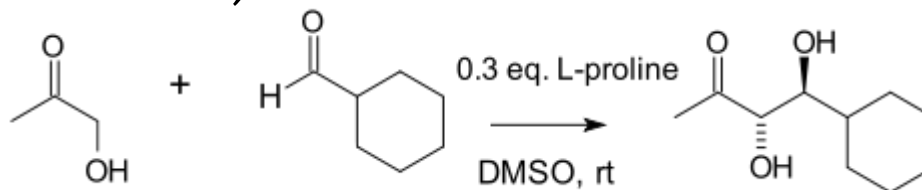
ROBINSON ANNULATION

Introduction

In a 2000 study the Barbas group found that intermolecular aldol additions (those between ketones and aldehydes) are also possible albeit with use of considerably more proline .

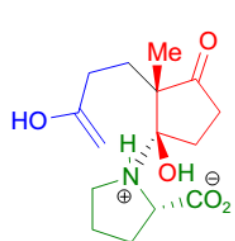


Notz and List went on to expand the utility of this reaction to the synthesis of 1,2-diols.

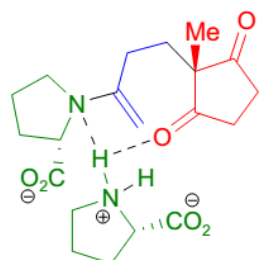


The organocatalytic intermolecular aldol reaction is now known as the **Barbas-List Aldol reaction**.

Mechanism



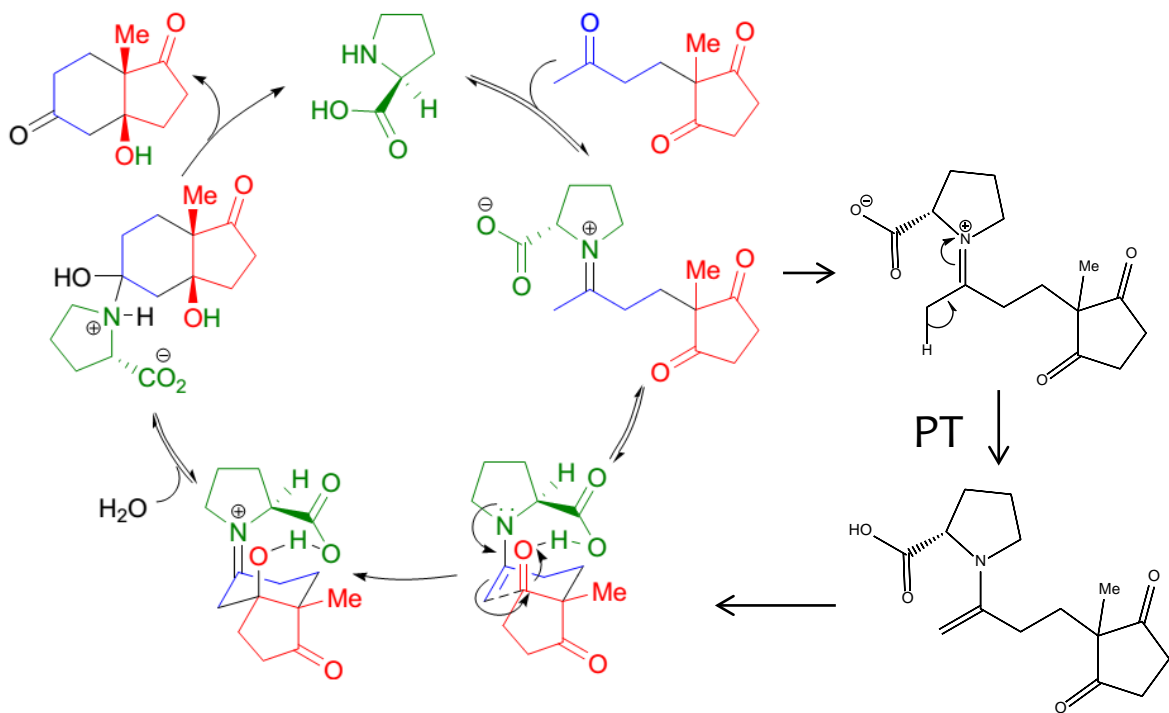
Stereochemical model
by Hajos and Parrish



Stereochemical model
by Agami



Stereochemical model
by Houk



Applying

Since its invention, the Hajos-Parrish reaction was applied to the synthesis of several differently substituted hexahydroindene-1,5-dione.

A short, enantioselective total synthesis of (+)-desogestrel, the most prescribed third-generation oral contraceptive, was accomplished by E.J. Corey et al.

